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APPALLING SCENE.

Details of the Great Naval Battle on the Yalu River.

HORRORS OF MODERN WARFARE

Fully Shows in the Fight Between China and Japan Fleets.

SUPERIORITY OF THE JAPANESE

Demonstrated From the Start—The Splendid Work Done by the Machine and Rapid Firing Guns. First Accounts of the Jap Victory Confirmed—Chinese Ships Disabled and Sunk. While the Japanese Fleet Retires Badly Disfigured—The Terrible Conflict Raged For Hours. Remarkable Courage Displayed on Both Sides.

TIENTSIN, CHINA, Sept. 20.—From Chinese officers with dispatches who have arrived here and later messages from Port Arthur, a full narrative of the naval battle of Yalu is obtainable. Admiral Ting, commander of the Chinese northern squadron, was instructed by the council of war here to convey six transports and to land the troops, guns and stores at Yo Chow from which base China intended to renew operations in Korea.

The battle ships arrived at the entrance to the Yalu river early Monday morning and the disembarkation proceeded rapidly, the transports, steaming into the river, while the warships anchored outside. At 11 o'clock smoke on the horizon indicated the approach of a large fleet. The situation was grasped immediately and Admiral Ting gave orders for the weighing of anchors and the placing of the ships in battle array. His position was a difficult one. If he remained near the shore his movements would be cramped, and if he steamed out for sea room he ran the risk of a Japanese cruiser or torpedo boat running in among his transports. He chose the latter of two evils, and formed a fighting line to guard the transports in single column as a second fighting line, and to meet any Japanese ship which might succeed in forcing the fighting line four torpedo boats were stationed at the mouth of the river.

THE JAPANESE CHARGE.

The Japanese fleet approached at full speed until within range. Then they advanced in columns, forming into two lines. Nine ironclads and cruisers formed the fighting line, while three gunboats and five torpedo boats formed the second line. Firing commenced forthwith. The guns on both sides were worked unceasingly at long range and the hits were infrequent.

The Japanese crept gradually closer and the Chinese made better practice. The Ting Yuen was the first to suffer, a shell bursting in her battery. From the outset the Japanese directed a powerful fire upon the Chinese battle ships Chen Yuen and Ting Yuen. For ninety minutes a terrible cannonade continued. The result was that one Japanese cruiser, reported to have been the Sanko, was placed out of action. One Chinese officer declared that he saw her sink.

In the meantime the two big guns on the Chen Yuen were disabled and the other ships showed signs of damage. Both fleets were under easy steam, the Japanese maneuvering continually, while the Chinese held their original position.

TERRIFIC FIGHTING.

Suddenly two of the Japanese cruisers sought to break through the Chinese line on the starboard side. Three torpedo boats swiftly pursued them. The Chen Yuen and Chang Yuen went at full speed astern to avoid a catastrophe. The boats fired their torpedoes, but the notes about the Japanese cruisers stopped them. In the meantime other guns were brought to bear upon the cruisers, which are believed to have been the Akitsushima and the Yoshino. They were beaten back by the weight of metal in an almost hopeless state. Chinese officers declare that both sank. They did not see them sink, but are positive that they could not float long. The Chinese had fared little better, for the Ching Yuen had been severely times pierced and hulled upon the water line, while the Chen Yuen had straggled while trying to evade the Japanese torpedo boats. All attempts to float her had been frustrated by the fire directed upon her. Finally she burst into flames from shells that had been lodged aboard of her.

The big guns of the Chen Yuen were disabled, but she remained in the fighting line. She worked her smaller and machine guns whenever an opportunity presented itself.

The Ting Yuen retired to the second line, and the King Yuen was in a terrible plight. A shell burst through her decks and set fire to her, and with the flames bursting from her she slowly settled down.

The Chinese torpedo boats essayed to make a diversion in the enemy's line, but the attempt was a failure. Throughout the fight the attack was always with the Japanese. Twice or thrice more they sought to break through the Chinese fighting line, but until the last the Chinese guns were able to stop them and the Japanese never reached the transports. The Chinese vessels gave way before the attacks and while doing so the Yang Wei straggled stern first. Her fate was similar to that of the Chao Yung.

AN APPALLING SCENE.

After the first three hours the fire became intermittent. The Chen Yuen, which bravely fought her guns when she was nothing more than a wallowing wreck, was struck by a torpedo and sank with all on board. The scene was now appalling. The guns on several of the ships on both sides were disabled, and the great ships rolled heavily. The streams of green water pouring from their sides showed that the steam turbines were incessantly working and testified to the extent of the damage inflicted. Some of the Chinese ships had exhausted their ammunition during the last hour's fighting.

More than one of the Japanese vessels seemed to be on the point of founder-

ing. It was not until dusk, however, that the firing ceased, and the battered Japanese fleet slowly departed in double line formation towards the south. The next morning the remnant of the Chinese fleet with six transports, started for port Arthur, which was safely reached.

The damage to the best Chinese ships is so extensive that it can scarcely be repaired before the arrival of winter. The officers say that both sides fought with the most ferocious courage.

NOTHING OFFICIAL

Received by Chinese and Japanese Legations at Washington—The Former Unconcerned, the Latter Elated.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Neither the Chinese nor Japanese legations have received any advices as to the great naval engagement off Yalu. Lieutenant Miyasaka, the naval attaché of the Japanese legation, returned to-day from an eastern trip. He is well acquainted with the scene of the battle, and says it is so far removed from Japanese telegraph stations that word would first have to be carried by dispatch boats to Tientsin or Nagasaki before the Tokyo authorities could be informed of the battle. As the battle occurred last Saturday it is expected that the dispatch boats will have the official version transmitted very soon. The Japanese officials here are much elated over the latest reports, as they say the sinking of China's big battleship, the Chen Yuen, fatally cripples China's water defense.

Another significant fact commented on at the Japanese legation is that foreign officers appear to have been in command of the Chinese ships, which in the judgment of the Japanese authorities here show that the Chinese are yet deficient in native commanders and are depending on foreigners to manipulate their ships, which is in marked contrast with the native command of all Japanese war ships. The Chinese minister declines to discuss the recent battle or any phase of the war. In response to an inquiry today, he sent word that no advices had been received and that he was very busy. He is building a large ball room in the rear of the legation with the prospect of extensive social festivities in the near future. There is apparently no disposition to share in the panic at Peking over the Chinese reverses on land and sea.

JAPANESE PATRIOTISM

Against Chinese Indifference—A Distinguished Prelate's Observations.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—Mr. Philibert Tormoz, prelate of the pope, is in the city on an apostolic mission. The distinguished visitor was one of the passengers on the steamer Oceanic, which arrived from the orient a few days ago. Since the beginning of last year he has been looking into the creeds and customs of all the oriental nations, and at the same time has been investigating the works of all Catholic missions in the countries through which he has traversed.

From Peking Mr. Tormoz went by way of Manchuria and Korea to Japan. He saw the Japanese fleet land its troops at Chemulpo and says he was struck with the military manner in which the ceremony was carried out. Japan's army, he says, is far superior to that of China.

"The great trouble with China," he said, "is the lack of patriotism among the people. In Japan every mother's son is steeped in patriotism. In China a victory and a number of soldiers are hired to defend the country. They might be so many Hessians for all the patriotism they possess."

The Losses at Ping Yang.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 20.—The particulars received here in regard to the battle of Ping Yang show that the Chinese loss was 2,000 killed and 14,500 wounded and prisoners. A fourth part of the Chinese army escaped. The Japanese loss was only about 11 officers wounded and 260 soldiers killed.

The Japanese army is marching on Wiju, which it is expected will be reached by the end of September. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—The Japanese legation here is in receipt of the following cable in regard to the battle at Ping Yang on September 15. It came via St. Petersburg and is from General Nodda, commander-in-chief of Japanese forces in the field in Korea. The dispatch says:

"The loss of Japan in the battle of Ping Yang, so far as ascertained, was eleven officers killed, 154 men killed, thirty officers wounded, 521 men wounded, besides forty officers whose fate is unknown. Chinese lost over 2,000 killed and the number of wounded is not yet known, but it is believed to have been very large. A number of the Chinese wounded are in our field hospital."

ANOTHER "OMISSION."

An Error in the New Tariff Law Affecting Fruits Preserved in Spirits.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—Examination of the tariff law at the treasury department discloses the fact that it contains no provision whatever for a duty upon fruits preserved in brandy or other spirits. The omission was not discovered until an application was received from a large importer of such goods for information as to their classification under the present tariff law. Under the McKinley law, "fruits preserved in spirits" were subject to duty of 35 per cent ad valorem.

A Severe Rebuke.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Sept. 20.—Judge Ewing called up for sentence the five Connelleville business men convicted of unlawful assemblage at this court. Before imposing sentence the court called the attention of the defendants to the gravity of their offense by a stinging lecture. He spoke of them as being prominent business men and property owners who should have had the most concern in the preservation of the peace and in assisting the county authorities in suppressing disorder.

The judge said he would not imprison the defendants because of the prominence and disgrace it would entail upon them, but would fine them according to their ability to pay. They were fined from \$75 to \$500 and costs each.

The Deadlock Continues.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Sept. 20.—The Republican congressional conference after taking the 200th ballot adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock. The fifteen ballots this afternoon stood: Pack-

THE ODD FELLOWS.

The Rebekah Degree Under Consideration by the Sovereign Grand Lodge.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Sept. 20.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows in secret session at Lookout Mountain to-day had under consideration the Rebekah degree. The ladies heading this degree are asking for representation in the grand lodge and for a grip and password. The consideration of these questions occupied the entire time of the Sovereign Grand Lodge at the morning session.

Some excitement prevailed in the lodge to-day, when the question was raised that the sessions were not being held in the corporate limits of Chattanooga, the action of the last grand body being that "the next place of meeting be Chattanooga, Tenn." It was claimed most earnestly by some that the proceedings would be illegal on that account, but it finally decided to go on with the meeting, that being themselves the sovereigns they could make what ever they did legal. But there are many who hold otherwise.

The report of the committee appointed to locate and erect a building as headquarters in Baltimore was postponed indefinitely. The law requiring a canon tax was repealed.

A Past Grand Master and Past Grand Patriarch's Association was authorized for each jurisdiction.

A special committee was appointed to investigate the alleged misappropriation of funds donated to the Fargo sufferers.

Legislation on the admission of women to the order through the Rebekah lodge came next. The new legislation admits all Odd Fellows and wives and all white women over eighteen years of age who "believe in the ruler of the universe."

The ladies were the guests of the local Rebekah lodge this afternoon. They were driven over the government road to Missionary Ridge and De Long's place, where a Bohemian lunch was served.

J. K. O. P. A. M.

The Permanent Pass Word Question Settled by the Pennsylvania Council.

LANCASTER, Pa., Sept. 20.—The State Council J. K. O. P. A. M. this afternoon disposed of the matter of a permanent pass-word by referring it to the national council, with a favorable recommendation.

The reorganization of defunct councils was delegated to the incoming board of directors, and the per capita tax was placed at twenty-two cents, a decrease of four cents.

The compensation of the national representatives was fixed at \$5 per diem and 25c mileage. The treasurer's bond was increased from \$1,000 to \$10,000.

HILL'S EMPHASIS.

He Leads Up to a Climax in Mentioning the Candidates.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Senator Hill talked with a representative of the Associated Press to-night at his summer home, two miles north of Albany.

"Will you be a candidate for governor if the party decides that you alone can aid it?" was asked.

"For publication I must decline to say no to such a question, and I must also decline to say 'yes,' he answered with a twinkle of his eye.

"What about Daniel Lockwood?" was the next question.

"Mr. Lockwood is a strong man," (this with an emphasis on Lockwood.) "Well, then, Frederick Cook?"

"A strong and popular man," (this with emphasis particularly on popular.)

"Then, John Boyd Thacher is mentioned," was ventured.

"Mr. Thacher is also a strong man, a very strong man," (the emphasis this time on Thacher and rising to a climax on "strong man.")

WYLIE ON TIME.

The Wheelman Arrives at Poughkeepsie and Leaves for Albany.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 20.—H. H. Wylie, the wheelman who is riding from New York to Chicago in an attempt to break the record of seven days, twenty hours and fifteen minutes made by A. E. Smith, the letter carrier of Chicago, and who left New York at 8:31 this morning, arrived here at 5:46 p. m., on schedule time. After supper he started for Albany by moonlight.

A Kentucky Tragedy.

VALLEY VIEW, Ky., Sept. 20.—Last night about 10 o'clock Jessie Howard and Robert Jones got into a drunken row across the river from here in which Howard shot Jones with a shotgun, killing him instantly. Howard was arrested and taken to jail.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES.

The Hebrew haters of Newark, N. J., have decided on a general strike for increased wages.

Returns from the Victoria (Australia) elections show that several of the ministers were defeated.

It is announced that the Brazilian government proposes to raise a loan of 3,000,000 pounds sterling.

The New York executive committee of seventy advises all anti-Tammany organization to unite on an independent candidate, regardless of politics.

The net cash in the United States treasury at the close of business yesterday was \$125,744,803, of which \$57,918,995 represented the gold reserve.

The state convention of North Carolina Democratic clubs, was held at Raleigh yesterday. Assistant Comptroller of the Treasury Mansur made the principal address.

The health of Grand Duke George, second son of the Czar of Russia, has again taken a very serious turn. The Czar's health is also causing much apprehension among his relatives and attendants.

The announcement of the death of J. M. White, senior member of the old established cotton firm of J. M. White & Company, and the temporary suspension of the firm was announced on "change" in New York, yesterday.

The National Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, in session at Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday adopted a resolution denouncing the action of those members who struck through sympathy with the Pullman strikers; pledging the brotherhood to hereafter abide by all its agreements, and to await the action of the grand lodge officers before going out on a strike.

COMPTROLLER ECKELS

Addresses the Convention of the Ohio Bankers' Association.

OUR NATIONAL BANKING SYSTEM

The Text of His Remarks—The Fallacies of the Inflationists—The Great Obstacle in the Way of an Elastic Currency—To be Productive of Good it Must, Whether of Gold, Silver or Paper, be of Unquestioned and Unvarying Value.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 20.—Among the speakers to-day at the fourth annual convention of the Ohio Bankers' Association was Comptroller of the Currency James H. Eckels.

After reviewing the history of the national banks and declaring that the system under which they were conducted was the best that could be devised, and one which would be changed only when circulation made a change necessary, Comptroller Eckels said that the problem to be met to-day was how to secure a more elastic currency and still maintain it solely upon bonds deposited to secure the same. The serious difficulty in the way was the idea to which so many of the people cling, that it was essential to the people's prosperity that there always be a large volume of money regardless of its representation or intrinsic value. He then said:

FALLACIES OF INFLATION.

"Our colonial history is replete with attempts to make the people rich through a great volume of currency which has neither representative nor intrinsic worth. It is a history of financial failure and distress. Later, under the articles of federation, is recorded the same attempt, and the same series of failure and financial loss. There was scarcely a state in the Union before the war but whose history is marked by efforts to enrich a people through such currency, and the outcome was disaster. If the result of such attempts was so prolific of ruin to the people then why will they not fall with equal ruin now? The laws of political economy do not change with changing ages or changing people, and the same causes find fruition in the same effects whether the century be the eighteenth or the nineteenth; the form of government colonial or republican.

NOT A SENTIMENTAL QUESTION.

"There is no sentiment embodied in the laws of money, and no matter how great may be the volume of the currency, if each and every dollar of that currency is not of value to pass current in the world of business, it cannot add to the blessings of the people. To be productive of the people's good it must, whether of gold, silver or paper, in the very order of things, be of unquestioned and unvarying value, and when called into requisition discharge, without the aid of legal tender acts at home or abroad the obligations of the holder. But with such a currency our people have yet much to learn, and most important is the lesson that, no matter how abundant it may be, it will not find its way to those who are wanting in credit."

ALMOST A SPLIT.

Trouble so serious that it threatened to break up the organization came when the bankers elected officers. John Whitelaw, of Cleveland, was nominated for president by the committee, whereas Hon. J. Sullivan, of this city, was considered by his friends as entitled to the honor upon a precedent which was broken at last year's meeting. Mr. Sullivan quieted the storm by withdrawing from the contest.

The annual meeting closed to-night with an elegant banquet.

BRUTAL MURDER

In Wilkesbarre, Pa.—An Arabinn Peddler Killed and Robbed.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 20.—A brutal murder was committed in the southern part of the city this evening. Two Arabian peddlers, John Mikahiver and Michael Johns, were returning from a trip to Plymouth, when they were stopped by two unknown men who demanded their money. The Arabians attempted to go on their way, when one of their assailants fired at Mikahiver. The balls penetrated his heart and he fell dead. The murderer then turned the weapon on Johns and shot him in the side, inflicting a flesh wound. The murderer's accomplice then robbed the peddlers of all their cash, \$180.

THE WHISKY TRUST.

President Greenhut Issues a Call for a Special Meeting—The Probable Reason.

PONTIAC, ILL., Sept. 20.—President Greenhut, of the Distilling & Cattle Feeding Company, this evening issued a call for a special meeting of the board of directors to be held in this city to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. The business is of a most urgent kind and a full attendance is requested. President Greenhut refuses to state the object, but it is certain it has to do with the officers of the American Distributing Company, who are now in the city. These were seen to-day, but refused to be interviewed.

Will Fight the Reduction.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 20.—The miners of the Pittsburgh district, who are now working under the Columbus compromise—sixty-nine cents a ton—now assert that it is the operators who signed the scale attempt to reduce wages they will go into court. The miners claim that the operators' signatures to the scale gives it the force and effect of a contract to pay sixty-nine cents a ton until the expiration of the scale.

Big Diamond Robbery.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 20.—Last night Mrs. W. Ilite, of 1016 Third street, was robbed of diamonds valued at \$1,500. The robbery occurred while the family was at supper. Mrs. Ilite was going out visiting and laid her diamonds on a dresser in her room on the second floor. When she returned to her room the jewelry was gone. Detectives are working on the case and think it is the work of a professional.

ANOTHER WOOL FAKE.

The Register's Absurd Story About a Democratic Wool Buyer Being Mobbed—The Facts in the Case—A Boomerang. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PHILADELPHIA, W. V., Sept. 20.—The following dispatch from this place appeared in this morning's Wheeling Register:

"Last night Colonel A. G. Chrislip, a prominent Democrat and wool buyer of this county, was assaulted and stoned on the streets of this town by Republicans because he offered to buy wool at an advance over the McKinley prices. This shows how desperate Republicans are becoming and what methods they will resort to."

Very few intelligent people are likely to believe such an absurd story, and a denial would scarcely seem necessary. However, it may be well to give the facts about the matter.

On Tuesday night Chrislip, who was well loaded with Democratic enthusiasm, took an illuminated sign from the front of a restaurant on his shoulder, and with a lot of small boys, started down street with the idea that he was having a parade. The small boys following in his wake, to increase the hilarity of the occasion, threw some stones at the illuminated sign. Chrislip is a small wool buyer on commission. When he gets lots of the foregoing enthusiasm on board he offers to buy wool at twenty cents, but as soon as anybody offers to sell, he gets very busy with other branches of his business. He has not bought a pound at over fifteen cents.

M. P. CONFERENCE.

The Muskogum Assembly—Second Day's Session—Case of Rev. Thompson. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STEVENSVILLE, O., Sept. 20.—Hearing of pastor's reports and appointment of committees occupied the business sessions of the M. P. conference here to-day. Rev. J. A. Thrax, of Toronto, was elected president, Rev. S. S. Fisher, of Empire, secretary. Rev. W. S. Carnes, Delroy conference, steward. Those superannuated were Revs. A. S. Robinson, W. S. Sears, T. H. Scott, J. M. Woodward, W. L. Baldwin, John Baker, G. W. Hussey, Eli Loomer. To-night's session was devoted to church extension. Rev. T. A. Brown, Cambridge, presiding. At this session of conference the case of Rev. W. E. Thompson, of Fostoria, will likely come up. He married a leading lady worker in his congregation, knowing that she had colored blood in her veins. He has not violated any church law. He was released by his congregation in August. He will probably be given missionary work to do.

Robbed by Masked Burglars.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Sept. 20.—Last Sunday night robbers effected an entrance to the residence of a German named Koortmoot, who lives near Ogden, and secured about \$55 in money. The robbers were disguised and masked, and one stood over the bed and covered the old man while the other ransacked the house. He is a widower and lives alone.

BETHANY JAIL BURNS.

The "Lock-Up" Entirely Destroyed by Fire this Morning.

About 12:30 o'clock this morning cries of "fire" woke up that usually quiet town of Bethany, and in a remarkably short time about every inhabitant was on the streets. The fire then had a big start and illuminated the country for a mile around. The burning building was the town jail, or "lock-up" as it is more generally known, a one-story frame structure of two rooms, and the fire had secured such a start that the volunteer bucket brigade was unable to cope with it, and the building was soon entirely destroyed. The loss is about \$300, with no insurance. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin, but at present there is no clue to the fire-bug. Happily there were no criminals on hand at the time of the fire, for had there been they must have perished miserably.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

A Sun-Glass Focused on a Man's Head Produces Astonishing Results.

TRIMBLE, TENN., Sept. 20.—Yesterday Jim Harber and others were sitting in front of Simpson's grocery when Bob Jellow drew a sun-glass from his pocket and focussed its lens on Harber's uncovered head. The glass did more than was expected. The concentrated rays did not reach Harber's scalp, but suddenly his head was a mass of flames, caused by the ignition of the bay rum on the hair, he having just come from the barbershop. When his head caught fire he started to run, but Frank Gordon caught and held him while others extinguished the blaze with their hats and handkerchiefs. He would doubtless have killed the joker on the spot had he not been restrained by friends. To-day he brought suit against Jellow for \$15,000. Physicians say Harber's head will never be adorned with other suit of hair. Jellow is quite wealthy.

Nicaragua Canal.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 20.—The state convention of Democratic clubs convened in this city to-day. Every section of the state is represented and unusual enthusiasm is manifested. The principal object of the convention appears to be to awaken renewed interest in the early construction of the Nicaragua canal, and resolutions were adopted demanding its construction under American control and by American capital.

A Towboat's Stage.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 20.—A coal boat race is expected within the next forty-eight hours and 10,000,000 bushels of coal is ready to go south. River men expect at least twelve feet of water.

Steamship Arrivals.

Southampton—Scandia, from New York, for Hamburg and proceeded.
New York—Aller, from Bremen; America, from London; Normandia, from Hamburg; Britannic, from Liverpool.
Bremen—Lauda, from New York.
Hamburg—Scandia, from New York.
Southampton—Columbia, from New York.
Bologna—Veendam, from New York.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair, slightly warmer; south to southwest winds.

THE TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY

As furnished by U. S. SNOWP, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.
7 a. m. 70° 8 p. m. 75°
9 a. m. 68° 10 p. m. 72°
12 m. 77° Weather—Fair.

DOVENER'S CAMPAIGN.

Two Rousing Meetings at Moundsville Yesterday.

GREAT CROWDS HEAR SPEECHES

By the Next Congressman From This District, Hon. Alex. R. Campbell, Col. J. E. Hooten and Colonel Stone, of Pennsylvania—Lots of Enthusiasm in Marshall County and the Republicans in Splendid Shape. The Meeting a Big Success.

The Republican congressional campaign in Marshall county was opened in Moundsville yesterday afternoon and evening by two enthusiastically conducted meetings at which Captain R. B. Dovener was the principal speaker. The meetings were held at the court house and the building was utterly too small for the accommodation of the hundreds who were in town to hear the next congressman from the first district.

The afternoon meeting was addressed by Captain Dovener and by Mr. Alex. R. Campbell, of this city, one of the candidates on the Ohio county legislative ticket. The captain was never in better form, and from the first he held his hearers spellbound while he poured out a volume of facts that in these days of free trade and Democracy appealed powerfully to all who heard the speech.

The evening meeting was also held at the court house and if possible the building contained more than were present in the afternoon. The first address was by Colonel J. E. Hooten, of Moundsville, who was followed by Colonel Stone, of Beaver county, Pa. Both made good impressions and the sentiments expressed were frequently applauded.

The speech of the evening, of course, was made by Captain Dovener. The audience was largely made up of coal miners and glassworkers, men who are qualified to take the floor when it comes to Democratic hard times experiences. The captain handled his subject, the tariff and its effects, in an effective manner, his points being clear cut and forcible. He held his audience alternately cheering and laughing for nearly an hour, and the general impression was that he never made a better speech in his political career. It was a notable fact that a goodly number of Democrats were in the audience, many of whom announced after the meeting was over that they had cast their last Democratic ballot and would henceforth unite with the party of protection and honest money.

As an opening of the campaign in old Marshall the meeting was a big success. The Marshall county Republicans were never in better shape for a vigorous contest, and it is predicted that Dovener will receive the largest majority ever accorded any congressional candidate in this county.

The Y. M. D. C. Again.

Last night the Young Men's Democratic Club met in the Odd Fellows' hall, the club building on the South Side no longer being available for its use. There was a large attendance. A week from last, night a banquet will be given in the Odd Fellows' hall, and John A. Howard, the legislative candidate and Col. Arnett are expected to speak. A committee was appointed to bring a speaker of national reputation here. Nobody was named, but it is understood Burke Cochrane is in view. Speeches were made by Messrs. Dryden, Kincheloe, Enshelmer, Gruse and others, and all were enthusiastically received.

Doswick-Driggs.

At Bridgeport yesterday Walter E. Doswick, a popular young man of this city, and Miss Lucy, daughter of Judge J. B. Driggs, of Bridgeport were married at the home of the bride's father, Rev. C. B. Hawthorne officiating. The ceremony was unostentatious, but very pretty. After an elaborate wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Doswick left on the Baltimore & Ohio road for a tour of the lakes.

Charged with Embezzlement.

Officer Carney last evening arrested Nimrod Catlet on a charge of embezzlement. He was working for Sam Dorsey, at Moundsville, some time ago, and was given a bill for \$26 to collect. He got the money and went to the G. A. R. encampment at Pittsburgh, and did not return until last night, when he was locked up.

The Potomac Fair Continued.

The Potomac fair, in this county, given annually by the farmers of the neighborhood, opened on Wednesday, but was badly interfered with by the rain. Yesterday about 700 people attended. It was to have closed last evening, but owing to the fact that it rained on Wednesday it has been concluded to continue the fair over to-day.

Coupon, Part No. 19
